

# Heterogeneous Computing for Undergraduates: A Module-Driven Approach

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**Pervasive Heterogeneity:** The need for increased performance per watt, coupled with the demands of processing diverse workloads, has led to a shift towards heterogeneous computing systems. Integration of high-performance CPUs with energy-efficient GPUs is now common in all classes of HPC systems. Architectural heterogeneity has also permeated mobile processing, cloud computing, the Internet of Things (IoT), and machine learning. It is imperative that computer science graduates learn the skills to program these complex systems of the future.

**Lack of coverage in current curricula:** Current undergraduate computer science (CS) curricula lack sufficient coverage of heterogeneous computing (HC) concepts. Heterogeneity is covered only as an upper-level elective and is primarily limited to R1 institutions. Adding a required course in HC is challenging because the CS/CE curriculum is already crowded. Furthermore, HC spans different areas such as programming, algorithms, and architecture so it is better covered in multiple courses rather than a single course.

**Our approach:** This initiative attempts to integrate HC content into the curriculum using the early-and-often approach. We have developed modules that can be injected into several courses across the curriculum in a way that creates significant coverage of HC concepts along every path through the major. The enhanced curriculum is complemented with synergistic activities that include industry partnership, faculty training, and out-of-class training camps.

## Design Principles

**Abstraction:** Topics selected based on level of abstraction at which they can be introduced.

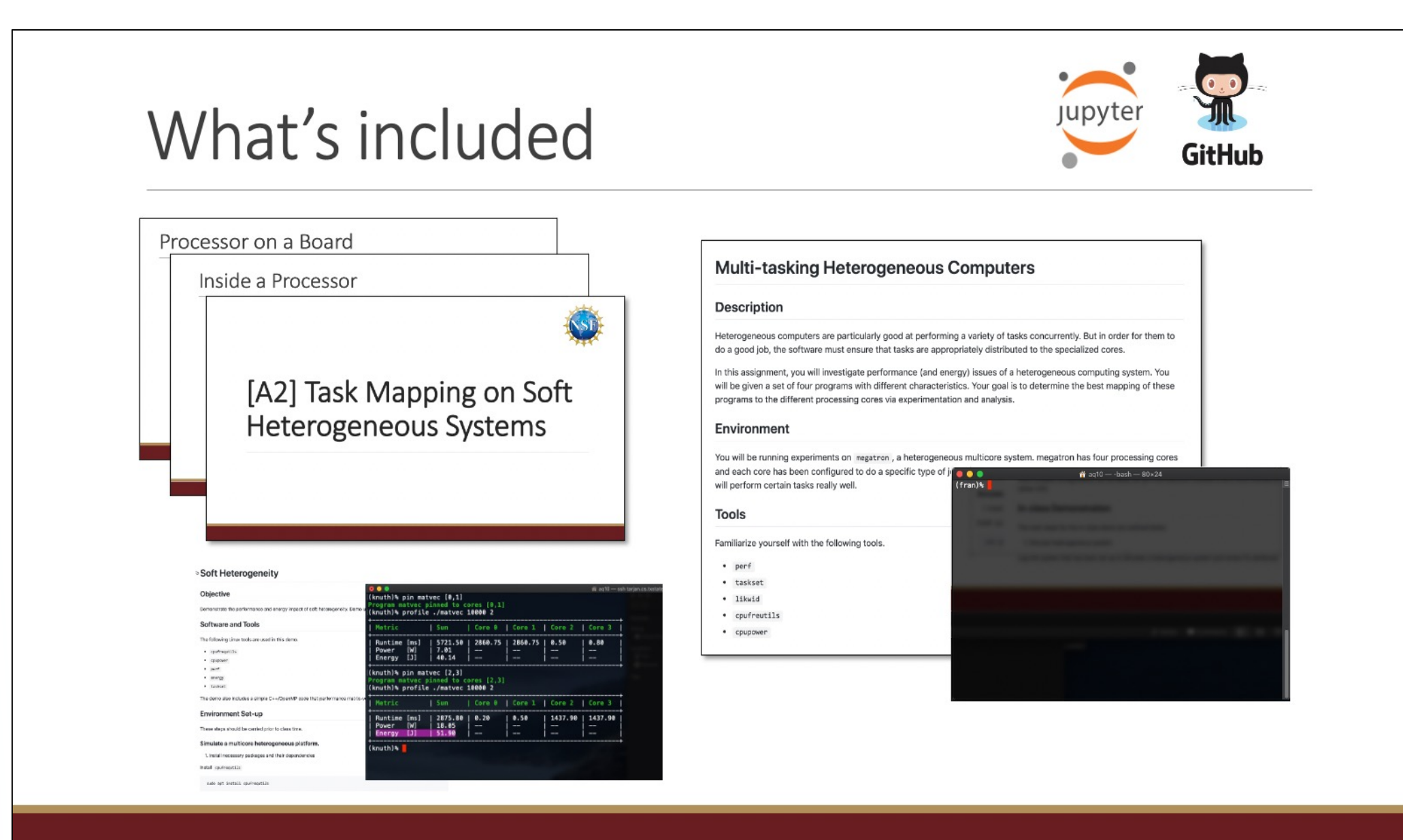
Topics that can be explained at a higher level of abstraction are introduced early in the curriculum. Example: Amdahl's Law in CS1

**Context:** Modules provide heterogeneous context to existing content, reducing the extra time needed

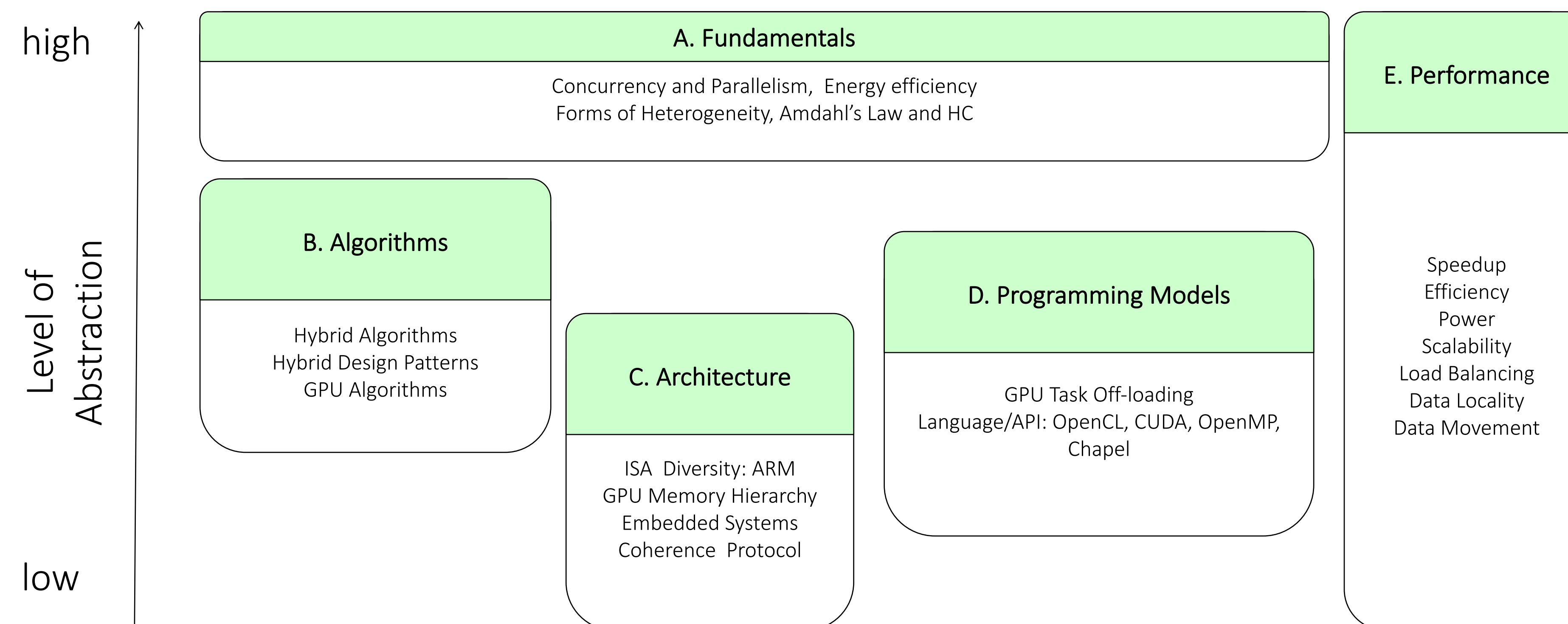
**Active Learning:** Modules emphasize active learning and include self-paced hands-on tutorials, demos, and assignments



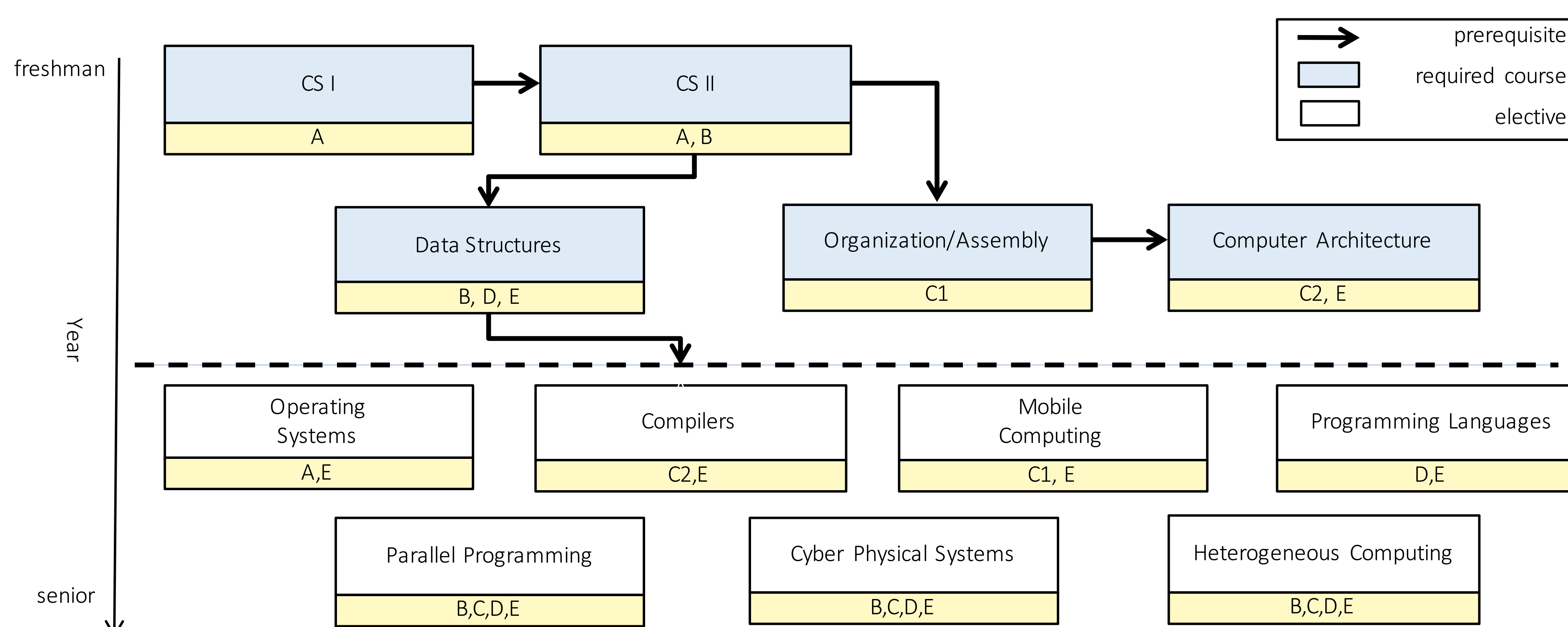
**Adoption:** Modules are short and self-contained for easy adoption across institutions. They are also free



## Modules



## Curricular Integration



### Pollack's Rule

**Topics:** Pollack's rule (estimating perf. from core area), Amdahl's law, dynamic parallelism in multithreaded progs

**Suitable for:** OS/Systems, Arch/Org, maybe CS 2 if multithreading is used

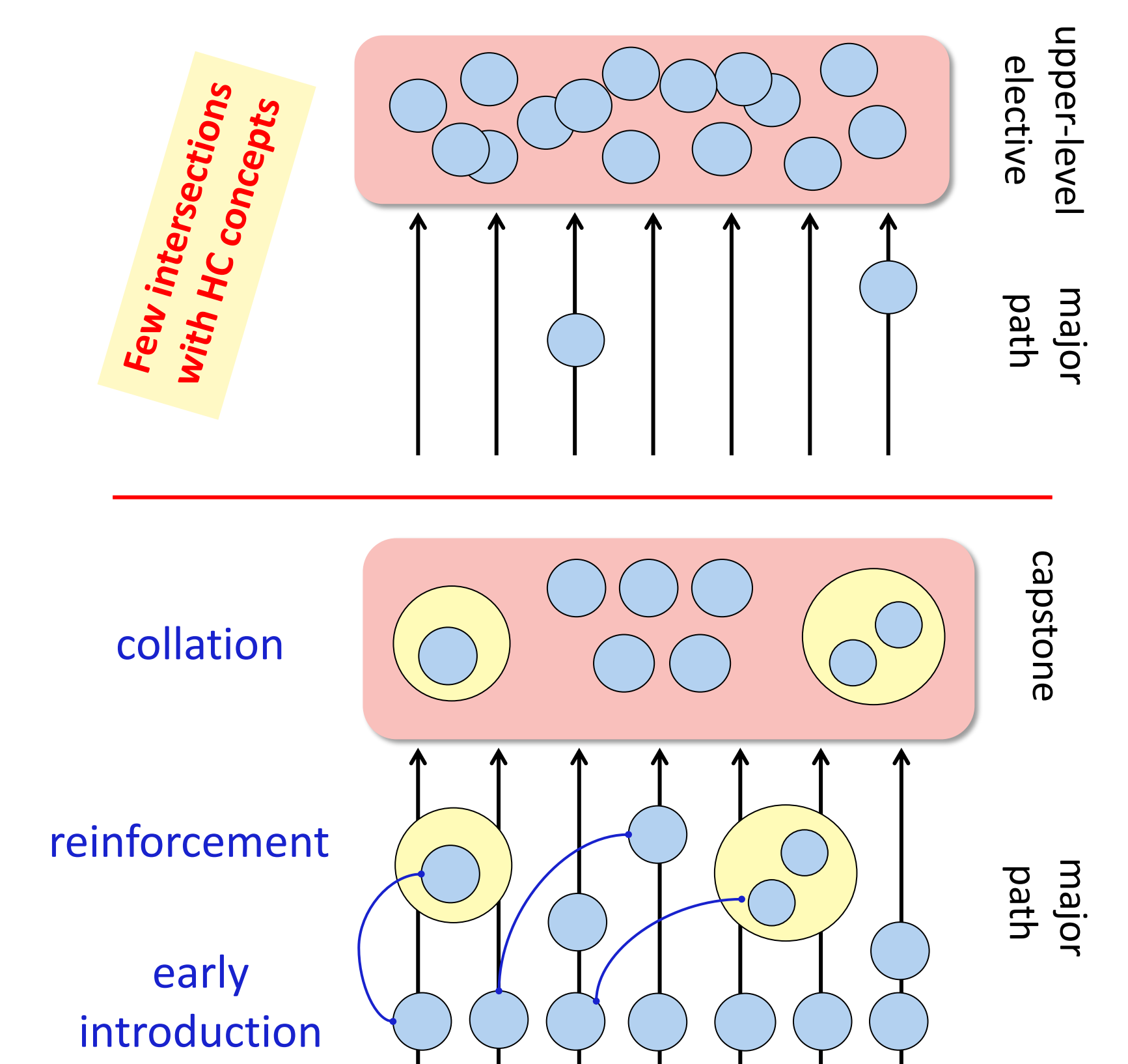
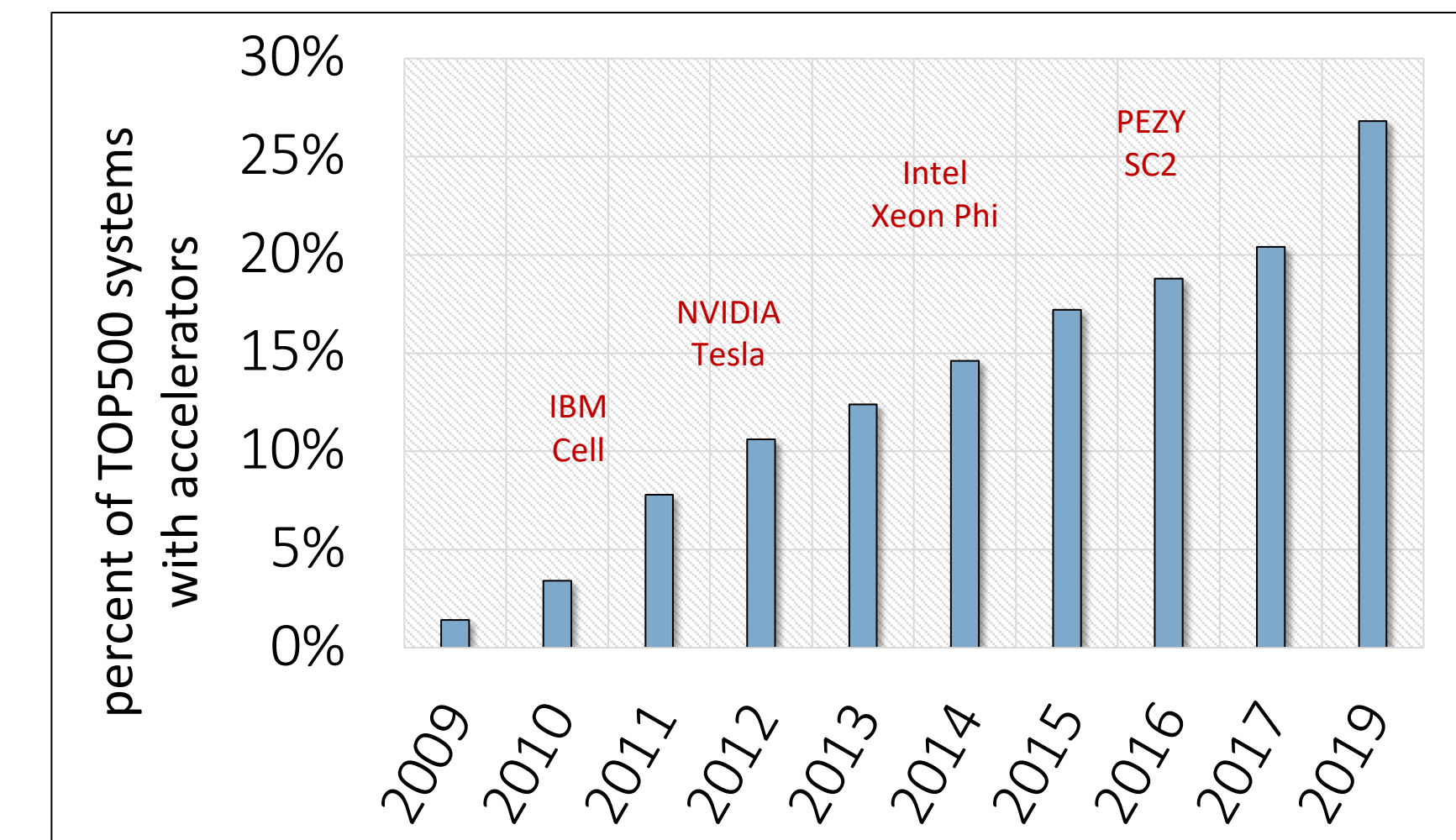
**Use:** 50-minute lecture, plus HW (possible problems provided)

### ARM ISA

**Topics:** Assembly programming w/ ARM and Thumb instruction sets on ARM processors, ISA diversity

**Suitable for:** Aimed at Arch/Org, but suitable for any course using assembly.

**Use:** 1-2 lectures, plus written and prog. HW (problems provided). Uses Raspberry Pi. Assumes prior assembly prog.



## Synergistic Activities

**Industry Partnerships:** Advisory board with experts from Intel, AMD, NVIDIA, and Qualcomm provide suggestions on module design, review created modules, and recommend enhancements

**Faculty training** Half-day tutorials on specific modules at SIGCSE, CCSC  
Multi-day workshops at host institutions (virtual due to COVID)

- Session 1: Overview of modules and pedagogical strategy
- Session 2: One-on-one deep dive into modules
- Session 3: Participant presentations outlining implementation plan
- Session 4: De-brief sessions, post-implementation

**Boot camps:** Short immersive camps for students

- Reinforce HC knowledge
- Industry speakers
- Networking opportunities

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